HOMBITAN® AFDC101

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 12/20/2016
2.0	04/26/2017	400000004026	Date of first issue: 12/20/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : HOMBITAN® AFDC101

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Venator Materials Corporation
Address : P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands,
TX 77387
United States of America (USA)
Telephone : TechInfo: (800) 367-8462

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : msds@venatorcorp.com

Emergency telephone number : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Colouring agents, pigments
Cosmetics
Pharmaceutical
Food/ feedstuff additives

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Chemical nature : inorganic

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	95 - 100

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition may be withheld as a trade secret.
Contains no hazardous ingredients according to GHS, Substances with a workplace exposure limit

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Do not leave the victim unattended. Treat symptomatically.
If inhaled	:	Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Wash off with soap and water.
In case of eye contact	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth with water. If conscious, make the victim drink the following: Give small amounts of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Consult a physician if necessary.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Eye contact Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: Symptoms of Overexposure Inhalation of dust may cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough. Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms: The product is not irritant but as with all fine powders can absorb moisture and natural oils from the surface of the skin during prolonged exposure. Individuals with sensitive skin may experience skin drying on prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Notes to physician	:	No specific measures identified.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Product is compatible with standard fire-fighting agents.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	No information available.
Hazardous combustion products	:	No hazardous combustion products are known

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
Further information	:	Standard procedure for chemical fires. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone. Avoid dust formation. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations". For disposal considerations see section 13. The danger areas must be delimited and identified using relevant warning and safety signs.
Environmental precautions	:	Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Clean-up methods - small spillage Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Clean-up methods - large spillage Approach release from upwind. Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Local/Total ventilation	:	Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Avoid creating dust. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Manual handling guidelines should be adhered to when handling sacks. In the manufacture of titanium dioxide, product is packaged at temperatures of approximately 100 to 120° C (212 to 248° Fahrenheit). When pigment is shipped shortly after manufacture, it may stay hot for a very long time depending on ambient temperatures and inventory storage practices. Due to the potential of elevated pigment temperature, caution should be used while handling pigment and in solvent applications. Each work environment must be assessed to determine hazards. Emptying of flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBC's) can generate static electricity. Customers using FIBC's should consult leaflet "Tiotainer® Handling Guidelines". Empty FIBC's by gravity only (do not empty pneumatically). Remove all wrapping prior to emptying FIBC's. In all cases, the protective cover or wrapping should remain in place during storage and only be removed immediately prior to use. Care should be taken to avoid moisture, particularly with a partly used pallet of material. When transferring from one container to another apply earthing measures and use conductive hose material.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from oxidizing agents. Keep in a dry place. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep container closed when not in use. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. When using standard pallets, those containing paper or plastics bags can be stacked to a maximum of 2 high.
Materials to avoid	:	No materials to be especially mentioned.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible	Basis

			concentration	
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the OEL or DNEL

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Filter type : P2 filter

Hand protection
Directive : Use gloves approved to relevant standards e.g. EN 374 (Europe), F739 (US).

Remarks : For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin and body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Protective measures : Wear suitable protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has

occurred.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	powder
Colour	:	white
Odour	:	none
Odour Threshold	:	Not relevant
pH	:	6 - 9
Melting point/range	:	> 1,800 °C
Boiling point/boiling range	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	The product is not flammable.
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Upper explosion limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Lower explosion limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Relative density	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Density	:	ca. 3.9 g/cm3 (20 °C) Skeletal density
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	< 0.01 g/l (20 °C)
Solubility in other solvents	:	practically insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	The product itself does not burn.
Thermal decomposition	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT)	:	No data is available on the product itself.

Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	Calculation method 79.88 g/mol
Particle size	:	466 nm

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions. No hazards to be specially mentioned.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : No data is available on the product itself.

Acute toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicityComponents : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 3.43 - 5.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Assessment: No skin irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Normally reversible injuries

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Normally reversible injuries
Assessment: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin
Species: Mouse
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Exposure routes: Skin
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Assessment: No skin irritation, No eye irritation
Does not cause skin sensitisation., Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Concentration: 100 - 200 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Concentration: 31 - 500 µg/L
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Concentration: 125 - 2500 µg/L
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse (males)
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 5 consecutive days
Dose: 0.8, 7.2, and 28.5 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat (male and female)
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: once
Dose: 500, 1000, and 2000 mg/kg bw
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : No data available

Carcinogenicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat, (male and female)
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Dose: 0, 25000, 50000 ppm
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
NOAEL: > 50.000 ppm

Method: No information available.
Remarks: Titanium Dioxide: based on the results of chronic inhalation studies (with positive results only in a single species - rat), IARC has concluded that: "There is inadequate evidence

in humans for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide. " but that : "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide". IARCs overall evaluation was that "titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)."

Venator has examined all of the available animal carcinogenicity and mechanistic data together with workplace epidemiology data for titanium dioxide and concludes that the weight of scientific evidence indicates that there is no causative link between titanium dioxide exposure and cancer risk in humans and that workplace exposures in compliance with applicable exposure standards will not result in lung cancer or chronic respiratory diseases in humans.

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans titanium dioxide
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility : No data available

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Dose: 100, 300, and 1000 mg/kg bw/
Duration of Single Treatment: 20 d
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: No observed adverse effect level: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No adverse effects

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide**:**
Species: Rat, male and female
: 3500 mg/m3
Application Route: Ingestion
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: Chronic toxicity

Species: Rat, male and female
: 10 - 50 mg/m3
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week
Method: Chronic toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide**:**

Repeated dose toxicity - Assessment	:	No skin irritation, No eye irritation No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

Experience with human exposure

General Information:	No data available
Inhalation:	No data available
Skin contact:	No data available
Eye contact:	No data available
Ingestion:	No data available

Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution

No data available

Neurological effects

No data available

Further information

Ingestion: No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Marine water Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	No data available
Toxicity to algae	:	No data available
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	No data available
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	No data available
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	No data available
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	No data available
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	No data available

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Plant toxicity	:	NOEC: 100,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 480 h

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Sediment toxicity : (Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): > 100000 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Acute
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Fresh water
Exposure duration: 28 d
Method: ASTM Method, other

(Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): 100000 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Chronic
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Fresh water
Exposure duration: 28 d
Method: ASTM Method, other

(Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): 14989 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Acute
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Marine water
Exposure duration: 10 d

Components:

titanium dioxide**:**

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : NOEC: 10,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 672 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No data available

Chronic aquatic toxicity : No data available

Toxicity Data on Soil : No data available

Other organisms relevant to the environment : No data available

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability - Product : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : No data available

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) : No data available

BOD/COD : No data available

ThOD : No data available

BOD/ThOD : No data available

Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) : No data available

Physico-chemical removability	:	No data available
Stability in water	:	No data available
Photodegradation	:	No data available
Impact on Sewage Treatment	:	No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 19 - 352 Exposure time: 14 d Test substance: Fresh water Method: semi-static test Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water - Product	:	Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

Mobility	:	No data available

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: No data available
Stability in soil	:	No data available

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and pathways	:	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment - Product	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Endocrine disrupting potential	:	No data available
Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX) - Product	:	Remarks: Product does not contain any organic halogens.

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Ozone-Depletion Potential	:	Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the

U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological information - Product	:	No data available
Global warming potential (GWP)	:	No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. In accordance with local and national regulations. Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

DOT Classification
Not regulated as dangerous goods

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop. 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer., Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) is known to the state of California to cause cancer. This listing does not cover titanium dioxide when it remains bound within a product matrix.

titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
AICS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
ENCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TCSI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

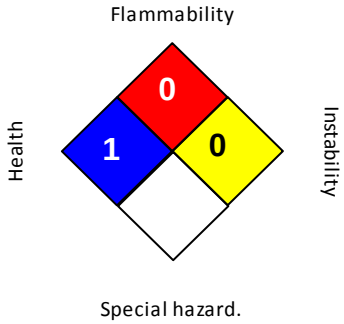
TSCA - 5(a) Significant New Use Rule List of Chemicals
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D)
No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

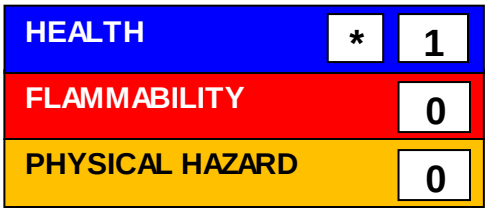
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	Information taken from reference works and the literature., Information derived from practical experience.
Revision Date	:	04/26/2017

The information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

NO PERSON OR ORGANIZATION EXCEPT A DULY AUTHORIZED VENATOR EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE OR MAKE AVAILABLE DATA SHEETS FOR VENATOR PRODUCTS. DATA SHEETS FROM UNAUTHORIZED SOURCES MAY CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT IS NO LONGER CURRENT OR ACCURATE.